

rand

发表于 2021-01-21 分类于 [Challenge](#) , [2020](#) , [网鼎杯](#) , [白虎场](#) , [Crypto](#)
[Challenge](#) | [2020](#) | [网鼎杯](#) | [白虎场](#) | [Crypto](#) | [rand](#)

[点击此处](#)获得更好的阅读体验

WriteUp来源

本WP由Vanish提供

题目考点

- MT19937预测key

解题思路

啊，一道憨憨题，mt19937都快给玩烂了。而且这还是最最简单的预测，直接套上现成的工具就能解key。至于后面的一个只给了加密函数没给解密函数用的feistel的密码，可能是DES吧，没细看。直接把密钥流反过来，用他给的加密函数来解密就好了。

```
1 import random
2
3 class MT19937Recover:
4     """Reverses the Mersenne Twister based on 624 observed outputs.
5
6     The internal state of a Mersenne Twister can be recovered by observing
7     624 generated outputs of it. However, if those are not directly
8     observed following a twist, another output is required to restore the
9     internal index.
10
11     See also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mersenne_Twister#Pseudocode .
12
13     """
14     def unshiftRight(self, x, shift):
15         res = x
16         for i in range(32):
17             res = x ^ res >> shift
18         return res
19
20     def unshiftLeft(self, x, shift, mask):
21         res = x
22         for i in range(32):
23             res = x ^ (res << shift & mask)
24         return res
25
26     def untemper(self, v):
27         """ Reverses the tempering which is applied to outputs of MT19937 """
28
29         v = self.unshiftRight(v, 18)
30         v = self.unshiftLeft(v, 15, 0xefc60000)
31         v = self.unshiftLeft(v, 7, 0x9d2c5680)
32         v = self.unshiftRight(v, 11)
33         return v
34
35     def go(self, outputs, forward=True):
36         """Reverses the Mersenne Twister based on 624 observed values.
37
38         Args:
39             outputs (List[int]): list of >= 624 observed outputs from the PRNG.
40                 However, >= 625 outputs are required to correctly recover
41                 the internal index.
42             forward (bool): Forward internal state until all observed outputs
43                 are generated.
44
45         Returns:
46             Returns a random.Random() object.
47         """
48
49         result_state = None
50
51         assert len(outputs) >= 624          # need at least 624 values
52
```

```

53     ival = []
54     for i in range(624):
55         ival.append(self.untemper(outputs[i]))
56
57     if len(outputs) >= 625:
58         # We have additional outputs and can correctly
59         # recover the internal index by brute force
60         challenge = outputs[624]
61         for i in range(1, 626):
62             state = (3, tuple(ival+[i]), None)
63             r = random.Random()
64             r.setstate(state)
65
66             if challenge == r.getrandbits(32):
67                 result_state = state
68                 break
69     else:
70         # With only 624 outputs we assume they were the first observed 624
71         # outputs after a twist --> we set the internal index to 624.
72         result_state = (3, tuple(ival+[624]), None)
73     rand = random.Random()
74     rand.setstate(result_state)
75
76     if forward:
77         for i in range(624, len(outputs)):
78             assert rand.getrandbits(32) == outputs[i]
79
80     return rand
81
82 def test_PythonMT19937Recover():
83     """Just a testcase to ensure correctness"""
84     mtb = MT19937Recover()
85
86     #r1 = random.Random(0x31337)
87
88     # just some discarded random numbers to move internal state forward
89     # [r1.getrandbits(32) for _ in range(1234)]
90
91     # the actual leak of 1000 values
92     # n = [r1.getrandbits(32) for _ in range(1000)]
93     with open("random") as f:
94         nn = f.read().split("\n")
95         print(nn)
96         n = [int(_) for _ in nn[:-1]]
97     r2 = mtb.go(n)
98     print(r2.getrandbits(32))
99
100    #assert r1.getrandbits(32) == r2.getrandbits(32)
101
102 test_PythonMT19937Recover()

```

拿到key, 改加密函数, 解密得到flag

```

1  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
2  import base64
3  import random
4
5  flag = "flag{*****}"
6
7  hexadecimalcontrast = {
8      '0': '0000',
9      '1': '0001',
10     '2': '0010',
11     '3': '0011',
12     '4': '0100',
13     '5': '0101',
14     '6': '0110',
15     '7': '0111',
16     '8': '1000',
17     '9': '1001',
18     'a': '1010',
19     'b': '1011',
20     'c': '1100',
21     'd': '1101',
22     'e': '1110',
23     'f': '1111',
24 }

```

```

25 IP = [58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18, 10, 2,
26       60, 52, 44, 36, 28, 20, 12, 4,
27       62, 54, 46, 38, 30, 22, 14, 6,
28       64, 56, 48, 40, 32, 24, 16, 8,
29       57, 49, 41, 33, 25, 17, 9, 1,
30       59, 51, 43, 35, 27, 19, 11, 3,
31       61, 53, 45, 37, 29, 21, 13, 5,
32       63, 55, 47, 39, 31, 23, 15, 7]
33 IP_1 = [40, 8, 48, 16, 56, 24, 64, 32,
34         39, 7, 47, 15, 55, 23, 63, 31,
35         38, 6, 46, 14, 54, 22, 62, 30,
36         37, 5, 45, 13, 53, 21, 61, 29,
37         36, 4, 44, 12, 52, 20, 60, 28,
38         35, 3, 43, 11, 51, 19, 59, 27,
39         34, 2, 42, 10, 50, 18, 58, 26,
40         33, 1, 41, 9, 49, 17, 57, 25]
41 E = [32, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
42       4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
43       8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,
44       12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,
45       16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
46       20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
47       24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29,
48       28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 1]
49 S = [[15, 1, 8, 14, 6, 11, 3, 4, 9, 7, 2, 13, 12, 0, 5, 10,
50        3, 13, 4, 7, 15, 2, 8, 14, 12, 0, 1, 10, 6, 9, 11, 5,
51        0, 14, 7, 11, 10, 4, 13, 1, 5, 8, 12, 6, 9, 3, 2, 15,
52        13, 8, 10, 1, 3, 15, 4, 2, 11, 6, 7, 12, 0, 5, 14, 9, ],
53       [10, 0, 9, 14, 6, 3, 15, 5, 1, 13, 12, 7, 11, 4, 2, 8,
54        13, 7, 0, 9, 3, 4, 6, 10, 2, 8, 5, 14, 12, 11, 15, 1,
55        13, 6, 4, 9, 8, 15, 3, 0, 11, 1, 2, 12, 5, 10, 14, 7,
56        1, 10, 13, 0, 6, 9, 8, 7, 4, 15, 14, 3, 11, 5, 2, 12, ],
57       [14, 4, 13, 1, 2, 15, 11, 8, 3, 10, 6, 12, 5, 9, 0, 7,
58        0, 15, 7, 4, 14, 2, 13, 1, 10, 6, 12, 11, 9, 5, 3, 8,
59        4, 1, 14, 8, 13, 6, 2, 11, 15, 12, 9, 7, 3, 10, 5, 0,
60        15, 12, 8, 2, 4, 9, 1, 7, 5, 11, 3, 14, 10, 0, 6, 13, ],
61       [7, 13, 14, 3, 0, 6, 9, 10, 1, 2, 8, 5, 11, 12, 4, 15,
62        13, 8, 11, 5, 6, 15, 0, 3, 4, 7, 2, 12, 1, 10, 14, 9,
63        10, 6, 9, 0, 12, 11, 7, 13, 15, 1, 3, 14, 5, 2, 8, 4,
64        3, 15, 0, 6, 10, 1, 13, 8, 9, 4, 5, 11, 12, 7, 2, 14, ],
65       [2, 12, 4, 1, 7, 10, 11, 6, 8, 5, 3, 15, 13, 0, 14, 9,
66        14, 11, 2, 12, 4, 7, 13, 1, 5, 0, 15, 10, 3, 9, 8, 6,
67        4, 2, 1, 11, 10, 13, 7, 8, 15, 9, 12, 5, 6, 3, 0, 14,
68        11, 8, 12, 7, 1, 14, 2, 13, 6, 15, 0, 9, 10, 4, 5, 3, ],
69       [12, 1, 10, 15, 9, 2, 6, 8, 0, 13, 3, 4, 14, 7, 5, 11,
70        10, 15, 4, 2, 7, 12, 9, 5, 6, 1, 13, 14, 0, 11, 3, 8,
71        9, 14, 15, 5, 2, 8, 12, 3, 7, 0, 4, 10, 1, 13, 11, 6,
72        4, 3, 2, 12, 9, 5, 15, 10, 11, 14, 1, 7, 6, 0, 8, 13, ],
73       [4, 11, 2, 14, 15, 0, 8, 13, 3, 12, 9, 7, 5, 10, 6, 1,
74        13, 0, 11, 7, 4, 9, 1, 10, 14, 3, 5, 12, 2, 15, 8, 6,
75        1, 4, 11, 13, 12, 3, 7, 14, 10, 15, 6, 8, 0, 5, 9, 2,
76        6, 11, 13, 8, 1, 4, 10, 7, 9, 5, 0, 15, 14, 2, 3, 12, ],
77       [13, 2, 8, 4, 6, 15, 11, 1, 10, 9, 3, 14, 5, 0, 12, 7,
78        1, 15, 13, 8, 10, 3, 7, 4, 12, 5, 6, 11, 0, 14, 9, 2,
79        7, 11, 4, 1, 9, 12, 14, 2, 0, 6, 10, 13, 15, 3, 5, 8,
80        2, 1, 14, 7, 4, 10, 8, 13, 15, 12, 9, 0, 3, 5, 6, 11, ]]
81 PC_1 = [57, 49, 41, 33, 25, 17, 9, 1,
82         58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18, 10, 2,
83         59, 51, 43, 35, 27, 19, 11, 3,
84         60, 52, 44, 36, 63, 55, 47, 39,
85         31, 23, 15, 7, 62, 54, 46, 38,
86         30, 22, 14, 6, 61, 53, 45, 37,
87         29, 21, 13, 5, 28, 20, 12, 4, ]
88 PC_2 = [14, 17, 11, 24, 1, 5, 3, 28,
89         15, 6, 21, 10, 23, 19, 12, 4,
90         26, 8, 16, 7, 27, 20, 13, 2,
91         41, 52, 31, 37, 47, 55, 30, 40,
92         51, 45, 33, 48, 44, 49, 39, 56,
93         34, 53, 46, 42, 50, 36, 29, 32, ]
94 P = [16, 7, 20, 21,
95       29, 12, 28, 17,
96       1, 15, 23, 26,
97       5, 18, 31, 10,
98       2, 8, 24, 14,
99       32, 27, 3, 9,
100      19, 13, 30, 6,
101      22, 11, 4, 25, ]
102 movnum = [1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1]
103

```

```

104 def HexToBin(string):
105     "Convert sixteen to binary"
106
107     Binstring = ""
108     string = string.lower()
109     for i in string:
110         try:
111             Binstring += hexadecimalcontrast[i]
112         except:
113             return -1
114     return Binstring
115
116 def BinToStr(strbin):
117     "Turn the binary string to a ASCII string"
118
119     strten = ""
120     for i in range(len(strbin) // 8):
121         num = 0
122         test = strbin[i * 8:i * 8 + 8]
123         for j in range(8):
124             num += int(test[j]) * (2**(7 - j))
125         strten += chr(num)
126     return strten
127
128 def StrToHex(string):
129     "Converts a string to HEX"
130
131     hexStr = ''
132     for i in string:
133         tmp = str(hex(ord(i)))
134         if len(tmp) == 3:
135             hexStr += tmp.replace('0x', '0')
136         else:
137             hexStr += tmp.replace('0x', '')
138     return hexStr
139
140 def Binxor(string1, string2):
141     "If the length is different, only the short one is returned."
142
143     strlen = 0
144     xorstr = ""
145     if len(string1) > len(string2):
146         strlen = len(string2)
147     else:
148         strlen = len(string1)
149     for i in range(strlen):
150         if string1[i] == string2[i]:
151             xorstr += '0'
152         else:
153             xorstr += '1'
154     return xorstr
155
156 def SubstitutionBox(keyfield, sub):
157
158     newkeyfield = ''
159     for i in range(len(sub)):
160         newkeyfield += keyfield[sub[i] - 1]
161     return newkeyfield
162
163 def SubkeyGeneration(freq, C, D):
164
165     for i in range(movnum[freq]):
166         C = C[1:] + C[:1]
167         D = D[1:] + D[:1]
168     return C, D, SubstitutionBox(C + D, PC_2)
169
170 def enkey(secretkey):
171
172     netss = SubstitutionBox(HexToBin(StrToHex(secretkey)), PC_1)
173     C, D = netss[:28], netss[28:]
174     key = []
175     for i in range(16):
176         C, D, keyone = SubkeyGeneration(i, C, D)
177         key.append(keyone)
178     return key
179
180 def Sbox(plaintext, sub):
181
182     return HexToBin("%x" % S[sub][int(plaintext[:1] + plaintext[-1:], 2) * 16 + int(plaintext[1:-1], 2)])

```

```

183
184 def Function(plaintext, secretkey):
185
186     plaintext = Binxor(SubstitutionBox(plaintext, E),
187                         secretkey)
188     sout = ''
189     for i in range(8):
190         sout += Sbox(plaintext[i * 6:(i + 1) * 6], i)
191     sout = SubstitutionBox(sout, P)
192     return sout
193
194 def endecrypt(plaintext, secretkey):
195
196     netss = SubstitutionBox(HexToBin(StrToHex(plaintext)), IP)
197     L, R = netss[:32], netss[32:]
198     for i in range(16):
199         L, R = R, Binxor(L, Function(R, secretkey[i]))
200     return SubstitutionBox(R + L, IP_1)
201
202 def encryption(plaintext, secretkey):
203
204     plaintext = plaintext + (8 - len(plaintext) % 8) * '\0'
205     keys = enkey(secretkey[:8])
206     print(keys)
207     ciphertext = ''
208     for i in range(len(plaintext) / 8):
209         ciphertext += endecrypt(plaintext[i * 8:(i + 1) * 8], keys)
210     return base64.b64encode(BinToStr(ciphertext))
211
212 def decryption(plaintext, secretkey):
213     plaintext = "t2GzuEfVdaJsNLBqC8N7C3/2UgIeCoQLC2qLkTlukFULskzMclU9QeFizVUfFYfA"
214     plaintext = base64.b64decode(plaintext)
215     print plaintext
216     keys = enkey(secretkey[:8])[:-1]
217     #print(keys)
218     ciphertext = ''
219     for i in range(len(plaintext) / 8):
220         ciphertext += endecrypt(plaintext[i * 8:(i + 1) * 8], keys)
221     return (BinToStr(ciphertext))
222
223 def generate():
224     fw = open("random", "w")
225     for i in range(700):
226         fw.write(str(random.getrandbits(32))+"\n")
227     fw.close()
228
229 generate()
230 f = open("flag.txt", "r")
231
232 key = str(random.getrandbits(32))
233 key = '2990136190'
234 ciphertext = decryption(flag, key)
235 print ciphertext

```

Flag

- 本文作者: CTFHub
- 本文链接: <https://writeup.ctfhub.com/Challenge/2020/网鼎杯/白虎场/Crypto/uDCoGsHmHe8SfLoTMwQ5SU.html>
- 版权声明: 本博客所有文章除特别声明外, 均采用 [BY-NC-SA](#) 许可协议。转载请注明出处!

[#Challenge #2020 #Crypto #网鼎杯 #白虎场](#)
[PWN5](#)
[simple](#)